## § 780.1009

other productive work under supervision is not a home.

(c) Where an employee performs work on wreaths in a home and also engages in work on the wreaths for the employer during that workweek in a factory, he is not exempt in that week, since some of his work is not performed in a home.

#### § 780.1009 Wreaths.

The only product which may be produced under the section 13(d) exemption by a homeworker is a wreath having no less than the specified evergreen content. The making of a product other than a wreath is nonexempt even though it is made principally of evergreens.

## § 780.1010 Principally.

The exemption is intended to apply to the making of an evergreen wreath. Such a wreath is one made "principally" of evergreens. Principalli of evergreens. Principally means chiefly, in the main or mainly (Hartford Accident and Indemnity Co. v. Casualty Underwriters Insurance Co., 130 F. Supp. 56). A wreath is made "principally" of evergreens when it is comprised mostly of evergreens. For example, where a wreath is composed of evergreens and other kinds of material, the evergreens should comprise a greater part of the wreath than all the other materials together, including materials such as frames, stands, and wires. The principal portion of a wreath may consist of any one or any combination of the evergreens listed in section 13(d), including "other ever-The making of wreaths in greens.' which natural evergreens are a secondary component is not exempt.

## § 780.1011 Evergreens.

The material which must principally be used in making the wreaths is listed as "natural holly, pine, cedar, or other evergreens." Other plants or materials cannot be used to satisfy this requirement.

## § 780.1012 Other evergreens.

The "other evergreens" of which the wreath may be principally made include any plant which retains its greenness through all the seasons of the year, such as laurel, ivy, yew, fir,

and others. While plants other than evergreens may be used in making the wreaths, such plants, whether they are forest products cultivated plants, cannot be considered as part of the required principal evergreen component of the wreath.

## § 780.1013 Natural evergreens.

Only "natural" evergreens may comprise the principal part of the wreath. The word "natural" qualifies all of the evergreens listed in the section, including "other evergreens." The term natural means that the evergreens at the time they are being used in making a wreath must be in the raw and natural state in which they have been harvested. Artificial evergreens (Herring Magic v. U.S., 258 F. 2d 197; Cal. Casualty Indemnity Exchange v. Industrial Accident Commission of Cal. 90 P. 2d 289) or evergreens which have been processed as by drying and spraying with tinsel or by other means are not included. It is immaterial whether the natural evergreen used in making a wreath has been cultivated or is a product of the woods or forest.

### § 780.1014 Harvesting.

The homeworker is permitted to harvest evergreens and other forest products to be used in making the wreath. The word harvesting means the removal of evergreens and other forest products from their growing positions in the woods or forest, including transportation of the harvested products to the home of the homeworker and the performance of other duties necessary for such harvesting.

## § 780.1015 Other forest products.

The homeworker may also harvest "other forest products" for use in making wreaths. The term other forest products means any plant of the forest and includes, of course, deciduous plants as well.

# § 780.1016 Use of evergreens and forest products.

Harvesting of evergreens and other forest products is exempt only when these products will be "used in making such wreaths." The phrase "used in making such wreaths" places a definite